

**2 0 2 3**

( NEP—2020 )

( 1st Semester )

**SOCIOLOGY (MAJOR)**

**( Sociological Concepts—I )**

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**( SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE )**

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

**1.** The term Sociology is derived from the Latin word 'Socius' which means

- (a) companionship or friendship (   )
- (b) sociable (   )
- (c) community (   )
- (d) groups (   )

**2.** What are the two elements of community?

- (a) Sociability and friendship (   )
- (b) We-feeling and social coherence (   )
- (c) Locality and community sentiment (   )
- (d) Polity and economy (   )

3. A group of people organized for a particular purpose is known as  
 (a) society ( ) (b) community ( )  
 (c) association ( ) (d) institution ( )
4. The manner in which a person actually carries out the requirements of the position is known as  
 (a) social status ( ) (b) social position ( )  
 (c) social role ( ) (d) social control ( )
5. Which of the following is true about social norms?  
 (a) Social norms vary from society to society ( )  
 (b) Social norms express social values ( )  
 (c) Social norms are supported by sanctions ( )  
 (d) All of the above ( )
6. A social value is  
 (a) the price of a thing in a particular society ( )  
 (b) a group conception of the desirability of things ( )  
 (c) the cost of a thing in terms of its products ( )  
 (d) abstinence from social behaviour ( )
7. The term 'folkways' was introduced into sociological literature by  
 (a) W. F. Ogburn ( ) (b) W. G. Sumner ( )  
 (c) G. H. Mead ( ) (d) G. Nimkoff ( )
8. Mores are  
 (a) norms evoking strong social disapproval if violated ( )  
 (b) objects of material culture ( )  
 (c) norms which are formally enacted and created ( )  
 (d) fashionable trends in a society ( )
9. The concept of social control was first developed by  
 (a) Karl Mannheim ( ) (b) W. F. Ogburn ( )  
 (c) E. A. Ross ( ) (d) G. Nimkoff ( )
10. Which of the following is **not** a part of formal social control?  
 (a) Religion ( ) (b) Law ( )  
 (c) Police force ( ) (d) Court ( )

**( SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS )**

( Marks : 15 )

Answer *five* questions, taking at least *one* from each Unit :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Define institution.
2. Define social structure.

UNIT—II

3. Define role.
4. Explain the two types of status.

UNIT—III

5. What is meant by custom?
6. What are the two types of sanctions?

UNIT—IV

7. Distinguish between formal and informal social controls.
8. Mention the three agencies of social control.

**( SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE )**

( Marks : 50 )

Answer *five* questions, taking at least *one* from each Unit :

10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. Define association. Give an account of the different characteristics of association.
2. Define community and explain its various features.

## UNIT—II

- 3.** Define social norms. Explain the significance of social norms in society.
- 4.** Define social values. Discuss the nature of social values.

## UNIT—III

- 5.** What are folkways? Examine the importance of folkways in the society.
- 6.** Define social sanctions and explain the significance of social sanctions in a society.

## UNIT—IV

- 7.** Define social control. Give an account of the types of social control.
- 8.** Define social control. Discuss the nature of social control.

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